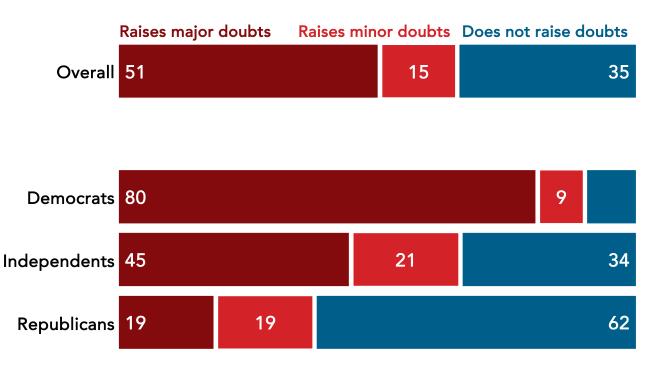
Trump Pardoning January 6th Rioters Raises Doubts About Him Among Two in Three Americans

(April 30, 2024:) TIME Magazine, How Far Trump Would Go by Eric Cortellessa

navigator.

TIME

The spectacle picks up where his first term left off. The events of Jan. 6, during which a pro-Trump mob attacked the center of American democracy in an effort to subvert the peaceful transfer of power, was a profound stain on his legacy. Trump has sought to recast an insurrectionist riot as an act of patriotism. "I call them the J-6 patriots," he says. When I ask whether he would consider pardoning every one of them, he says, "Yes, absolutely." As Trump faces dozens of felony charges, including for election interference, conspiracy to defraud the United States, willful retention of national-security secrets, and falsifying business records to conceal hush-money payments, he has tried to turn legal peril into a badge of honor. (*May 18-21, 2023:) Below is a list of comments made by Donald Trump in a recent town hall and elsewhere. Please indicate whether each one raises doubts for you about him being the leader of the Republican Party... Donald Trump said he would pardon most of the January 6th rioters who stormed the U.S. Capitol in 2021.



*Data from nationwide survey of 1,000 registered voters conducted May 18-21, 2023. For more info, visit navigatorresearch.org.

Two in Three Oppose a Nationwide Abortion Ban That Trump Declined Committing to Veto

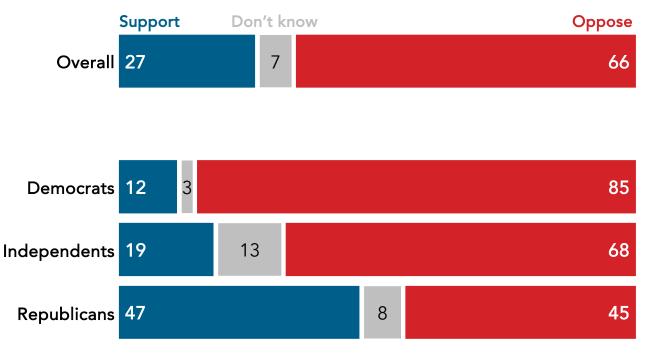
(April 30, 2024:) TIME Magazine, How Far Trump Would Go by Eric Cortellessa

 \equiv

navigator.

TIME

As President, Trump nominated three Supreme Court Justices who voted to overturn *Roe v. Wade,* and he claims credit for his role in ending a constitutional right to an abortion. At the same time, he has sought to defuse a potent campaign issue for the Democrats by saying he wouldn't sign a federal ban. In our interview at Mar-a-Lago, he declines to commit to vetoing any additional federal restrictions if they came to his desk. More than 20 states now have full or partial abortion bans, and Trump says those policies should be left to the states to do what they want, including monitoring women's pregnancies. "I think they might do that," he says. When I ask whether he would be comfortable with states prosecuting women for having abortions beyond the point the laws permit, he says, "It's irrelevant whether I'm comfortable or not. It's totally irrelevant, because the states are going to make those decisions." President Biden has said he would fight state anti-abortion measures in court and with regulation. (*January 4-8, 2024:) Do you support or oppose a nationwide ban on abortion?



*Data from nationwide survey of 1,000 registered voters conducted January 4-8, 2024. For more info, visit navigatorresearch.org.

As Trump Claims Credit for *Roe* Being Overturned, Three in Five Americans Say It Has Been Bad for the Country

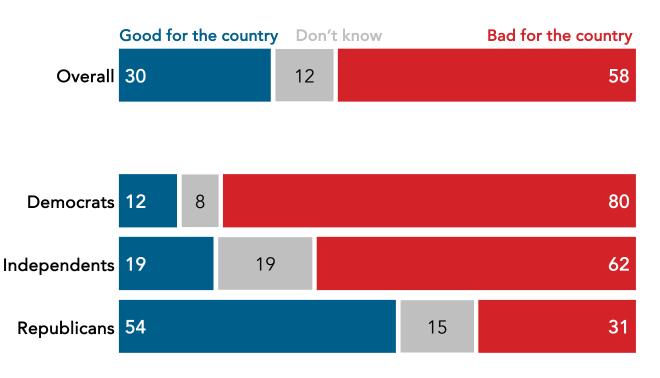
(April 30, 2024:) TIME Magazine, How Far Trump Would Go by Eric Cortellessa

 \equiv

navigator.

TIME

As President, Trump nominated three Supreme Court Justices who voted to overturn *Roe v. Wade*, and he claims credit for his role in ending a constitutional right to an abortion. At the same time, he has sought to defuse a potent campaign issue for the Democrats by saying he wouldn't sign a federal ban. In our interview at Mar-a-Lago, he declines to commit to vetoing any additional federal restrictions if they came to his desk. More than 20 states now have full or partial abortion bans, and Trump says those policies should be left to the states to do what they want, including monitoring women's pregnancies. "I think they might do that," he says. When I ask whether he would be comfortable with states prosecuting women for having abortions beyond the point the laws permit, he says, "It's irrelevant whether I'm comfortable or not. It's totally irrelevant, because the states are going to make those decisions." President Biden has said he would fight state anti-abortion measures in court and with regulation. (*January 4-8, 2024:) As you may know, the Supreme Court overturned *Roe v. Wade*, eliminating the federal right to an abortion. Do you think the Supreme Court eliminating the federal right to an abortion has been good or bad for the country?



*Data from nationwide survey of 1,000 registered voters conducted January 4-8, 2024. For more info, visit navigatorresearch.org.

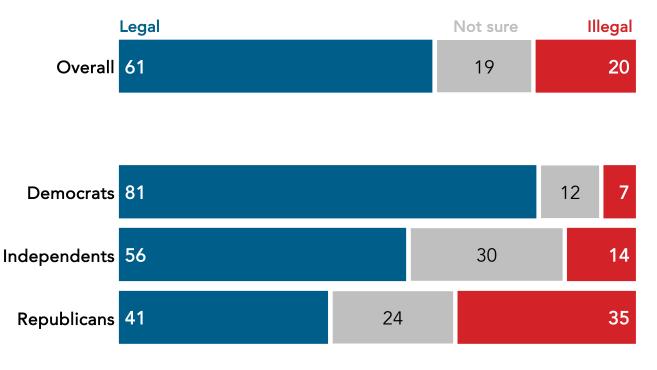
By 41 Points, Three in Five Americans Want Early Medication Abortion Care to Remain Legal

(April 30, 2024:) TIME Magazine, How Far Trump Would Go by Eric Cortellessa

navigator.

TIME

Trump's allies don't plan to be passive on abortion if he returns to power. The Heritage Foundation has called for enforcement of a 19th century statute that would outlaw the mailing of abortion pills. The Republican Study Committee (RSC), which includes more than 80% of the House GOP conference, included in its 2025 budget proposal the Life at Conception Act, which says the right to life extends to "the moment of fertilization." I ask Trump if he would veto that bill if it came to his desk. "I don't have to do anything about vetoes," Trump says, "because we now have it back in the states." (*March 28-31, 2024:) Do you think early medication abortion care, known as Mifepristone, should remain legal or be made illegal?



*Data from nationwide survey of 1,000 registered voters conducted March 28-31, 2024. For more info, visit navigatorresearch.org.

Only One in Four Support Extending the Trump Tax Cuts After Learning About How the Wealthy and Corporations Benefit

(April 30, 2024:) TIME Magazine, How Far Trump Would Go by Eric Cortellessa

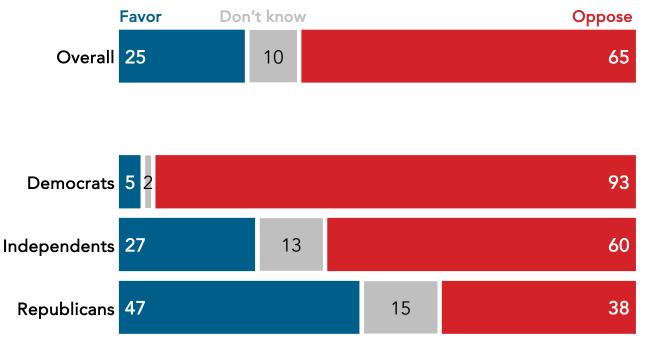
TIME

Presidents typically have a narrow window to pass major legislation. Trump's team is eyeing two bills to kick off a second term: a bordersecurity and immigration package, and an extension of his 2017 tax cuts. Many of the latter's provisions expire early in 2025: the tax cuts on individual income brackets, 100% business expensing, the doubling of the estate-tax deduction. Trump is planning to intensify his protectionist agenda, telling me he's considering a tariff of more than 10% on all imports, and perhaps even a 100% tariff on some Chinese goods. Trump says the tariffs will liberate the U.S. economy from being at the mercy of foreign manufacturing and spur an industrial renaissance in the U.S. When I point out that independent analysts estimate Trump's first term tariffs on thousands of products, including steel and aluminum, solar panels, and washing machines, may have cost the U.S. \$316 billion and more than 300,000 jobs, by one account, he dismisses these experts out of hand. His advisers argue that the average yearly inflation rate in his first term-under 2%-is evidence that his tariffs won't raise prices.

navigator.

 \equiv

(*March 14-21, 2024:) The tax law that Republicans in Congress passed in 2017 benefited the wealthy and corporations, with them receiving 83% of the benefits... extending the tax cuts would add \$3.5 trillion to the deficit, give wealthy foreign investors a tax break of over \$24 billion in just one year, and allow 55 large corporations to pay zero dollars in federal income taxes. After more information, do you favor or oppose Congress making this tax law permanent?



*Data from nationwide survey of 1,500 likely 2024 general election voters across 61 battleground districts conducted March 14-21, 2024. For more info, visit navigatorresearch.org.

Seven in Ten Americans Support the Inflation Reduction Act, Including Investing in Clean Energy Like Wind and Solar Power

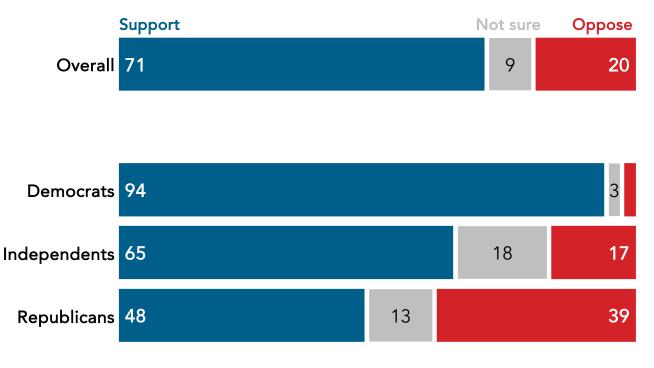
(April 30, 2024:) TIME Magazine, How Far Trump Would Go by Eric Cortellessa

 \equiv

navigator.

TIME

The goal of these groups is to put Trump's vision into action on day one. "The President never had a policy process that was designed to give him what he actually wanted and campaigned on," says Vought. "[We are] sorting through the legal authorities, the mechanics, and providing the momentum for a future Administration." That includes a litany of boundary-pushing right-wing policies, including slashing Department of Justice funding and cutting climate and environmental regulations. (*April 18-22, 2024:) As you may know, Biden and Democrats' legislation that was passed by Congress is called the Inflation Reduction Act, which will give Medicare the power to negotiate lower drug prices, bring down health insurance premiums, and invest in clean energy like wind and solar power. Knowing this, do you support or oppose this economic plan?



*Data from nationwide survey of 1,000 registered voters conducted April 18-22, 2024. For more info, visit navigatorresearch.org.